By Senator Passidomo

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An act relating to regulation of commerce, trade, and labor; creating ss. 125.003, 166.015, and 189.0125, F.S.; reserving to the state the exclusive right to regulate matters of commerce, trade, and labor under certain circumstances; prohibiting counties, municipalities, and special districts from engaging in specified actions that regulate commerce, trade, or labor, unless otherwise expressly authorized to do so by special or general law; providing that an ordinance, rule, or regulation that violates a specified provision is null and void; authorizing a local government to seek nullification of an ordinance, rule, or regulation of another county, municipality, or special district upon the affirmative vote of the governing body of the local government that the ordinance, rule, or regulation violates a specified provision; requiring the local government to notify the county, municipality, or special district that the local government is initiating the process of nullification; specifying requirements for such notification; requiring the county, municipality, or special district to provide certain responses to the local government within specified periods, subject to certain requirements; requiring the local government to notify the county, municipality, or special district that adopted the ordinance, rule, or regulation that it intends to submit a copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation to the Legislature for

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28-00294C-17 20171158

its nullification within a specified period, subject to certain requirements; requiring the local government to submit a copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation and a certain written explanation of how the ordinance, rule, or regulation violates a specified provision to the Legislature within a specified period; providing that such submission is void under certain circumstances; providing that the ordinance, rule, or regulation is nullified and repealed on the last day of the next regular session if the Legislature does not ratify it on or before the last day of that regular session; providing for retroactive application; providing applicability; providing an effective date.

WHEREAS, the Constitution of the State of Florida and the Florida Statutes establish the authority of the Legislature to define and fix the scope of the power of local government, and

WHEREAS, local governmental entities are given broad authority to adopt ordinances relating to issues that include, but are not limited to, zoning, local law enforcement, code inspection and enforcement, alcoholic beverage regulations, solid waste management, and finance and taxation as detailed in general law, and

WHEREAS, it is in the best interest of this state to protect and encourage the exercise of home rule power and local authority on issues such as those described, and

WHEREAS, the increasingly interconnected nature of our society and economy may result in local ordinances having a far-

28-00294C-17 20171158

reaching impact beyond the locality where they are adopted, and WHEREAS, some local ordinances are becoming increasingly burdensome and creating considerable and costly challenges to businesses, and

whereas, local governmental entities should continue to enjoy the ability to govern their localities as they see fit; however, this exercise of authority at the local level should not be allowed to impede, unchecked, commerce, trade, and labor throughout the state outside the boundaries of the local governmental entities, and

WHEREAS, although the State of Florida has a vested interest in facilitating the strong and active governance of local governmental entities by their respective governing bodies, such governance should not impede or encroach on the self-governance of other local governmental entities or the orderly conduct of business throughout this state, and

WHEREAS, the Legislature hereby clarifies its authority with regard to the regulation of commerce, trade, and labor for the purpose of preserving the authority of each local governmental entity while encouraging efficiency and economic growth through the reduction of inconsistent and costly regulation, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 125.003, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

125.003 Regulation of commerce, trade, and labor; preemption.—

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28-00294C-17 20171158

(1) (a) The state expressly preempts the regulation of matters relating to commerce, trade, and labor under the conditions set forth in this section.

- (b) Unless otherwise expressly authorized by special or general law, the legislative and governing body of a county may not regulate commerce, trade, or labor by:
 - 1. Banning the sale of a good or service;
 - 2. Imposing a penalty on the sale of a good or service;
- 3. Requiring an employer to pay any or all of its employees a wage rate not otherwise required under a special, general, or federal law; or
- 4. Adopting an ordinance, rule, or regulation on commerce, trade, or labor which:
- a. Interferes with the regulation of commerce, trade, or labor outside the territorial boundaries of the county; or
- b. Has an adverse impact on economic growth; private sector job creation or employment; private sector investment; business competitiveness, including impeding the ability of persons doing business in the county or state to compete with persons doing business in other areas of the state or in other domestic markets; productivity; or innovation within the county or outside its territorial boundaries.
- (c) An ordinance, rule, or regulation that violates this subsection is null and void.
- (2) Upon the affirmative vote of the governing body of a local government that an ordinance, rule, or regulation of a county violates subsection (1), the local government may seek to nullify such ordinance, rule, or regulation. In order to begin the process of nullification, the local government must notify

28-00294C-17

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20171158

the county in writing that the local government is initiating the process of nullification under this section. Such notification must include: (a) A copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation; (b) A written explanation of how the ordinance, rule, or regulation violates subsection (1), including any adverse impact that the ordinance, rule, or regulation has on the local government or other area outside the territorial boundaries of the county; and (c) A request to the county to repeal the specific ordinance, rule, or regulation or to amend it so that it does not violate subsection (1), specifically identifying the amendments needed to bring the ordinance, rule, or regulation into compliance. (3) The county must respond in writing to the local government within 5 days after receipt of the notice, stating that the county: (a) Is in receipt of the notice required under subsection (2); and (b) Will review and respond with specificity to the notice within 30 days after receipt of the notice. (4) Within 30 days after receipt of the notice required

(a) Intends to repeal the ordinance, rule, or regulation;

(b) Intends to amend the ordinance, rule, or regulation,

under subsection (2), the county shall respond to the local

assertions of the local government regarding the ordinance,

rule, or regulation that the local government asserts is in

violation of subsection (1) and state whether the county:

government in writing that it has reviewed the notice and the

162:

28-00294C-17 20171158

including specifying the amendments that will be made to bring
the ordinance, rule, or regulation into compliance with
subsection (1); or

- (c) Refuses to repeal or amend, stating with specificity the reasons why the county asserts the ordinance, rule, or regulation does not violate subsection (1).
- (5) If the county refuses to repeal or amend the ordinance, rule, or regulation and the local government continues to assert the ordinance, rule, or regulation is in violation of subsection (1) and wishes to nullify the ordinance, rule, or regulation, the local government must, no later than 90 days before the next regular session of the Legislature:
- (a) Notify, in writing, the county that adopted the ordinance, rule, or regulation that it intends to submit a copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation to the Legislature for its nullification and include the materials provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) in such notification;
- (b) Submit a copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and
- (c) Submit a written explanation of how the ordinance, rule, or regulation violates subsection (1), including any adverse impact that the ordinance, rule, or regulation has on the local government or other area outside the territorial boundaries of the county, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (6) Failure to provide the required notice to the county before submission of the nullification request to the Legislature renders such submission void.

28-00294C-17

20171158

175 (7) If the Legislature does not ratify the ordinance, rule, 176 or regulation on or before the last day of the next regular 177 session, it is nullified and repealed on the last day of that 178 regular session. 179 (8) This section is retroactive to January 1, 2017; 180 however, any ordinance, rule, regulation, or law enacted and made effective before January 1, 2017, which conflicts with this 181 182 section prevails. 183 Section 2. Section 166.015, Florida Statutes, is created to 184 read: 185 166.015 Regulation of commerce, trade, and labor; 186 preemption.-187 (1)(a) The state expressly preempts the regulation of 188 matters relating to commerce, trade, and labor under the 189 conditions set forth in this section. 190 (b) Unless otherwise expressly authorized by special or 191 general law, the legislative and governing body of a 192 municipality may not regulate commerce, trade, or labor by: 193 1. Banning the sale of a good or service; 2. Imposing a penalty on the sale of a good or service; 194 195 3. Requiring an employer to pay any or all of its employees 196 a wage rate not otherwise required under a special, general, or 197 federal law; or 4. Adopting an ordinance, rule, or regulation on commerce, 198 199 trade, or labor which: 200 a. Interferes with the regulation of commerce, trade, or 201 labor outside the territorial boundaries of the municipality; or 202 b. Has an adverse impact on economic growth; private sector 203 job creation or employment; private sector investment; business

28-00294C-17 20171158

competitiveness, including impeding the ability of persons doing business in the municipality or state to compete with persons doing business in other areas of the state or in other domestic markets; productivity; or innovation within the municipality or outside its territorial boundaries.

- (c) An ordinance, rule, or regulation that violates this subsection is null and void.
- (2) Upon the affirmative vote of the governing body of a local government that an ordinance, rule, or regulation of a municipality violates subsection (1), the local government may seek to nullify such ordinance, rule, or regulation. In order to begin the process of nullification, the local government must notify the municipality in writing that the local government is initiating the process of nullification under this section. Such notification must include:
 - (a) A copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation;
- (b) A written explanation of how the ordinance, rule, or regulation violates subsection (1), including any adverse impact that the ordinance, rule, or regulation has on the local government or other area outside the territorial boundaries of the municipality; and
- (c) A request to the municipality to repeal the specific ordinance, rule, or regulation or to amend it so that it does not violate subsection (1), specifically identifying the amendments needed to bring the ordinance, rule, or regulation into compliance.
- (3) The municipality must respond in writing to the local government within 5 days after receipt of the notice, stating that the municipality:

 28-00294C-17 20171158

(a) Is in receipt of the notice required under subsection (2); and

- (b) Will review and respond with specificity to the notice within 30 days after receipt of the notice.
- (4) Within 30 days after receipt of the notice required under subsection (2), the municipality shall respond to the local government in writing that it has reviewed the notice and the assertions of the local government regarding the ordinance, rule, or regulation that the local government asserts is in violation of subsection (1) and state whether the municipality:
 - (a) Intends to repeal the ordinance, rule, or regulation;
- (b) Intends to amend the ordinance, rule, or regulation, including specifying the amendments that will be made to bring the ordinance, rule, or regulation into compliance with subsection (1); or
- (c) Refuses to repeal or amend, stating with specificity the reasons why the municipality asserts the ordinance, rule, or regulation does not violate subsection (1).
- (5) If the municipality refuses to repeal or amend the ordinance, rule, or regulation and the local government continues to assert the ordinance, rule, or regulation is in violation of subsection (1) and wishes to nullify the ordinance, rule, or regulation, the local government must, no later than 90 days before the next regular session of the Legislature:
- (a) Notify, in writing, the municipality that adopted the ordinance, rule, or regulation that it intends to submit a copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation to the Legislature for its nullification and include the materials provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) in such notification;

28-00294C-17 20171158

(b) Submit a copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and

- (c) Submit a written explanation of how the ordinance, rule, or regulation violates subsection (1), including any adverse impact that the ordinance, rule, or regulation has on the local government or other area outside the territorial boundaries of the municipality, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (6) Failure to provide the required notice to the municipality before submission of the nullification request to the Legislature renders such submission void.
- (7) If the Legislature does not ratify the ordinance, rule, or regulation on or before the last day of the next regular session, it is nullified and repealed on the last day of that regular session.
- (8) This section is retroactive to January 1, 2017; however, any ordinance, rule, regulation, or law enacted and made effective before January 1, 2017, which conflicts with this section prevails.
- Section 3. Section 189.0125, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
- 189.0125 Regulation of commerce, trade, and labor; preemption.—
- (1) (a) The state expressly preempts the regulation of matters relating to commerce, trade, and labor under the conditions set forth in this section.
- (b) Unless otherwise expressly authorized by special or general law, the legislative and governing body of a special

20171158 28-00294C-17 district may not regulate commerce, trade, or labor by: 291 1. Banning the sale of a good or service; 292 2. Imposing a penalty on the sale of a good or service; 293 294 3. Requiring an employer to pay any or all of its employees a wage rate not otherwise required under a special, general, or 295 296 federal law; or 4. Adopting an ordinance, rule, or regulation on commerce, 297 298 trade, or labor which: a. Interferes with the regulation of commerce, trade, or 299 300 labor outside the territorial boundaries of the special 301 district; or b. Has an adverse impact on economic growth; private sector 302 job creation or employment; private sector investment; business 303 304 competitiveness, including impeding the ability of persons doing business in the special district or state to compete with 305 306 persons doing business in other areas of the state or in other 307 domestic markets; productivity; or innovation within the special 308 district or outside its territorial boundaries. 309 (c) An ordinance, rule, or regulation that violates this 310 subsection is null and void. (2) Upon the affirmative vote of the governing body of a 311 local government that an ordinance, rule, or regulation of a 312 special district violates subsection (1), the local government 313 may seek to nullify such ordinance, rule, or regulation. In 314 315 order to begin the process of nullification, the local government must notify the special district in writing that the 316! local government is initiating the process of nullification 317 318 under this section. Such notification must include:

(a) A copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation;

28-00294C-17 20171158

(b) A written explanation of how the ordinance, rule, or regulation violates subsection (1), including any adverse impact that the ordinance, rule, or regulation has on the local government or other area outside the territorial boundaries of the special district; and

- (c) A request to the special district to repeal the specific ordinance, rule, or regulation or to amend it so that it does not violate subsection (1), specifically identifying the amendments needed to bring the ordinance, rule, or regulation into compliance.
- (3) The special district must respond in writing to the local government within 5 days after receipt of the notice, stating that the special district:
- (a) Is in receipt of the notice required under subsection (2); and
- (b) Will review and respond with specificity to the notice within 30 days after receipt of the notice.
- (4) Within 30 days after receipt of the notice required under subsection (2), the special district shall respond to the local government in writing that it has reviewed the notice and the assertions of the local government regarding the ordinance, rule, or regulation that the local government asserts is in violation of subsection (1) and state whether the special district:
 - (a) Intends to repeal the ordinance, rule, or regulation;
- (b) Intends to amend the ordinance, rule, or regulation, including specifying the amendments that will be made to bring the ordinance, rule, or regulation into compliance with subsection (1); or

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28-00294C-17 20171158

(c) Refuses to repeal or amend, stating with specificity the reasons why the special district asserts the ordinance, rule, or regulation does not violate subsection (1).

- ordinance, rule, or regulation and the local government continues to assert the ordinance, rule, or regulation is in violation of subsection (1) and wishes to nullify the ordinance, rule, or regulation, the local government must, no later than 90 days before the next regular session of the Legislature:
- (a) Notify, in writing, the special district that adopted the ordinance, rule, or regulation that it intends to submit a copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation to the Legislature for its nullification and include the materials provided in paragraphs (b) and (c) in such notification;
- (b) Submit a copy of the ordinance, rule, or regulation to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives; and
- (c) Submit a written explanation of how the ordinance, rule, or regulation violates subsection (1), including any adverse impact that the ordinance, rule, or regulation has on the local government or other area outside the territorial boundaries of the special district, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- (6) Failure to provide the required notice to the special district before submission of the nullification request to the Legislature renders such submission void.
- (7) If the Legislature does not ratify the ordinance, rule, or regulation on or before the last day of the next regular session, it is nullified and repealed on the last day of that

28-00294C-17

regular session.

(8) This section is retroactive to January 1, 2017;
however, any ordinance, rule, regulation, or law enacted and made effective before January 1, 2017, which conflicts with this section prevails.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.