

Community Land Trusts

June 2015

Community Land Trusts (CLTs) are private, nonprofit organizations developed by communities to create and preserve long-term, affordable housing for low- and moderate-income residents. CLTs purchase homes in their communities and create a long-term ground lease under which low-income and moderate-income families are able to become homeowners at affordable monthly ground rents. The ground lease includes provisions that require the continued use of the property for low-income and moderate-income families in the future.

Fannie Mae purchases or securitizes first mortgage loans secured by these ground leases.

CLT Product Feature Underwriting

The CLT product feature is available to lenders as a standard *Selling Guide* product feature. Fannie Mae allows the LTV ratio determination to be based solely on the appraised value for a purchase transaction.

An update to Desktop Underwriter® (DU®) Version 9.2 to be implemented the weekend of August 15, 2015, will add an "affordable LTV ratio determination" to make it easier for lenders to underwrite CLT transactions.

Following the update, lenders will be able to inform DU that the loan casefile will be underwritten using the CLT product feature by entering "Affordable LTV" in the Product Description field in the Additional Data section of the online loan application. When this indication is made, DU will determine the LTV, CLTV, and HCLTV ratios solely on the appraised value for purchase transactions, and not the lesser of the sales price or the appraised value. DU will then issue a message that specifies what lenders need to confirm when indicating the use of the CLT product feature.

CLT Product Feature Resources

- CLT Checkfist
- Fannie Mae Selling Guide Section B5-5.1-04: Community Land Trusts
- Fannie Mae Selling Guide Section 84-1.4-08: Community Land Trust Appraisal Requirements
- Form 2100, Community Land Trust Ground Lease Rider
- DU Versjan 9.2 August Undate Release Notes

More Information

For more information on the CLT product feature, contact your Fannie Mae Account Team.

Information on CLTs can also be found at the National Community Land Trust Network's (NCLTN) web site. NCLTN provides training resources, technical assistance, and other information to new and existing CLTs.

Selling Guide

Published May 30, 2017

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B5-5.1-04: Community Land Trusts (03/29/2015)

This topic contains information concerning mortgage loans secured by a leasehold estate on property owned by a community land trust, including:

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Community Land Trusts Overview

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Fannie Mae purchases or securitizes first mortgage loans secured by a leasehold estate on property owned by a community land trust and the improvements on the property as long as the property is acceptable as security for the mortgage.

Community land trusts are created to preserve long-term affordable housing by purchasing homes in their communities, then leasing the land using a long-term ground lease to low-income and moderate-income families at affordable monthly ground rents. Eligible community land trusts must be nonprofit organizations or public entities, such as state or local governments, counties, school districts, universities, or colleges. The ground lease includes provisions that require the continued use of the property for low-income and moderate-income families in the future.

Eligible Borrowers

Because of the affordable terms that it offers, a community land trust usually includes in its ground lease restrictions on borrower eligibility, as well as on the resale of the property improvements. Eligible borrowers must satisfy the specific eligibility criteria set up by the community land trust.

Eligible Property and Occupancy Types

All mortgage loans secured by one- and two-unit principal residences are eligible for purchase by Fannie Mae with the exception of manufactured homes and units in a co-op project.

Loan Eligibility

Eligible transaction types include first mortgages secured by community land trust properties that are either purchase or refinance transactions. The community land trust may permit the borrower to refinance the mortgage loan, including cash-out transactions. However, the community land trust organization guidelines may limit the refinance amount in order to protect the subsidy invested in the property. Lenders must document that the community land trust has approved a refinance transaction and must ensure that the refinance amount complies with the provisions of the lessee's ground lease. Adjustable-rate mortgages with an initial fixed period of less than five years are not eligible.

Underwriting Considerations

These loans may be underwritten manually or with DU. The following table describes requirements related to mortgage loans secured by properties held by community land trusts.

Requirements for Mortgage Loans Secured by Properties Held by a Community Land Trust

The community land trust organization must have the capacity to administer leasehold mortgages.

The community land trust or its affiliated organization must have at least two years experience in successfully managing affordable housing, which can be evidenced by an organizational resume or history that summarizes the organization's experience in providing affordable housing.

The lender must review a list of the staff responsible for the community land trust's homeownership program, their titles, and their resumes to determine if they have sufficient experience and skills to manage affordable housing.

Requirements for Mortgage Loans Secured by Properties Held by a Community Land Trust

The lender must review the most current annual report or other report documenting the history and successful performance of the community land trust for the most current year.

The lander must review the subject community land trust's ground lease to confirm that it is based upon either the National Community Land Trust Network (NCLTN!) 2011 CLT Network Model Ground Lease or the Institute for Community Economics (ICE) Model Ground Lease. The lender can request a copy of either model ground lease from NCLTN. If the ground lease is not based on either of these model leases, the lender must obtain Fannie Mae's approval of the ground lease.

Note: If the community land trust organization does not meet the requirements noted above, the lender may discuss the community land trust's qualifications with its lead Fannie Mac regional office and obtain approval for an exception (see §2 100). Let of Continue).

Ground Lease Requirements

The term of the estate created by the ground lease must extend for at least five years beyond the maturity date of the mortgage that is delivered to Fannie Mae.

The community land trust ground lease may include certain restrictions limiting future property purchasers to low-income and moderate-income families and to limit the maximum sales price of the property. The resale restrictions in the ground lease must terminate automatically on foreclosure (or the expiration of any applicable redemption period) of, or acceptance of a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure for, the leasehold mortgage. Once any resale restrictions have been terminated by foreclosure (or the expiration of any applicable redemption period) or acceptance of a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure, they may not be automatically reinstated for subsequent purchasers of the property.

When a mortgage is secured by property held by a community land trust, the lender must confirm that all ground lease rents and other payments or assessments that have come due have been paid before it delivers the mortgage to Fannie Mae. In addition, the borrower must not be in default under any other provisions of the ground lease, nor may the ground lessor have claimed such a default.

LTV Ratio Calculation

The LTV and CLTV ratios (and HCLTV ratio if applicable) will be determined by dividing the original loan amount by the value of the leasthold interest and improvements reported on the property appraisal. The sales price for the improvements situated on the land does not include the subsidy amount used to acquire the land, which means that a borrower will pay a lower purchase price for his or her home (often less than the leasehold interest in the property). Therefore, the community land trust sales price may not be a reliable indicator of market value for the leasehold estate.

When using DU, the lender must enter "Affordable LTV" in the Product Description field in the Additional Data section on the online loan application, which will result in DU calculating the LTV, CLTV, and HCLTV ratios based solely on the appraised value for purchase transactions (and not the lesser of the sales price or appraised value).

See <u>84-14-01, Community Land Trust Appraisal Paraire properties</u> in a community land trust.

Delivery Data

Lenders selling and servicing mortgage loans secured by properties held by a community land trust must be able to identify and track those mortgages in their systems and must have sufficiently trained staff to originate and service those mortgages.

When delivering mortgage loans secured by community land trust properties, the lender must

- include SFC 054 as part of the delivery data,
- enter the value of the leasehold (inclusive of the improvements) as the appraisal amount in Loan Delivery, and
- calculate the LTV and CLTV ratio using the leasehold value and include this ratio as part of the delivery data.

Notification to Third Parties

Fannie Mae will purchase mortgages secured by community land trust properties that require the lender to notify a third party, such as a housing authority or government agency, upon the borrower's default or property foreclosure, as required by the community land trust ground lease. The lender must ensure that proper notification is provided, as required by the community land trust ground lease. If notification requirements exist, the servicer is still responsible for adhering to Fannie Mae's established time frames within which routine foreclosures must be completed. Third-party notifications required in addition to the required statutory notifications will not be considered an impairment to the servicer's ability to foreclose.

Legal Considerations

B5-5.1-04: Community Land Trusts (09/29/2015)

The leasehold estate created by the community land trust ground lease must constitute real property under applicable law. In all respects, the ground lease must be valid, enforceable, and in full force and effect. Lenders must ensure that any mortgage secured by a community land trust property and delivered to Fannie Mae is supported by the appropriate leasehold interest documents, including the community land trust ground lease and the *Community Land Trust Ground Lease Rider* (Form 2102). Form 2100 must be executed by the borrower and recorded along with the ground lease. This form was developed for use with either the *NCLTN 2011 CLT Network Model Ground Lease* or the *ICE Model Ground Lease*. The form

- ensures that the ground lease is in conformity with Fannie Mae requirements for community land trust
 mortgages without a delay that would result from Fannie Mae's prior review and approval of each
 ground lease, and
- removes resale restrictions as well as any other restrictions that may be included in the ground lease that could affect the value of the property from the community land trust's ground lease.

The land records for the subject property must include adoption of the terms and conditions that are incorporated in this ground lease rider. Fannie Mae's approval is required if the rider is modified or is not executed.

Title insurance Requirements

The lender's title insurance policy or an endorsement to the policy must expressly confirm

- the recording of the complete community land trust ground lease or ground lease memorandum;
- the recording of Form 2100;
- that the community land trust mortgage loan is a first lien on the leasehold estate and the improvements;
- that there are no existing mortgage loans or other liens on the fee estate, except as may be permitted under Form 2100;
- that the ground lessor's reversionary interest is subordinate to the community land trust mortgage;
 and
- that there are no related community land trust ground lease occupancy and resale restrictions, covenants, or agreements that "run with the land," and that have been recorded apart from the ground lease, except as may be permitted under Form 2100.

Related Announcements

The table below provides references to the Announcements that have been issued that are related to this topic.

Announcements	Issue Date
Assessment SELECTION	September 29, 2015
Acres	July 28, 2015
An and ment SECTION	August 26, 2014
Accommodation SERVICE-12	April 15, 2014
## <u>##################################</u>	March 31, 2011
Announcement SSL7511-51	January 27, 2011

Community Land Trust Ground Lease Rider

[For use with CLT ground leases substantially based on either the Institute for Community Economics or the National Community Land Trust Network model ground lease as identified in Fannie Mae's Selling Guide]

THIS COMMUNITY LAND TRUST GROUND LEASE RIDER (the "Rider") is made this
day of,, and amends and supplements a certain ground lease (referred
to herein as "the CLT Ground Lease") dated that is by and between
to herein as "the CLT Ground Lease") dated that is by and between as lessor (herein referred to as "the "Lessor" but may otherwise be
referred to in the CLT Ground Lease as the "CLT") and, as lessee
(herein referred to as "the "Lessee" but may otherwise be referred to in the CLT Ground Lease as
"Homeowner"). This Rider shall be deemed incorporated into the CLT Ground Lease, and the CLT
Ground Lease as amended by this Rider, shall hereafter be referred to as the "Lease," unless otherwise indicated.
The CLT Ground Lease is a long-term lease of the Lessor's fee interest in the land located at, referred to herein as the "Leased Land," as improved by a residential structure
or unit, referred to herein as the "Improvements." The Leased Land and the Improvements are collectively referred to herein as the "Leased Premises."
This Rider amends the CLT Ground Lease for the purpose of enabling the Lessee to obtain Fannie Mae
financing in the form of a mortgage or deed of trust given this day of,, by
Lessee to (the "Specified Mortgage"), and the interest of the
Specified Mortgagee in the Leased Premises as secured by such mortgage or deed of trust may be referred
to herein as the "Leasehold Estate." The Specified Mortgage is recognized by Lessor as a "Permitted
Mortgage" (or as such concept is otherwise defined) under the CLT Ground Lease, and the holder of the
Specified Mortgage (the "Specified Mortgagee") is recognized as a "Permitted Mortgagee" (or as such
concept is otherwise defined) under the CLT Ground Lease.

ADDITIONAL COVENANTS. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the CLT Ground Lease, and in addition to the covenants and agreements made in the CLT Ground Lease, the Lessor and the Lessee further covenant and agree, so long (but only so long) as the Specified Mortgagee, its successors and assigns shall have an interest in the Leased Premises, as a holder of the Specified Mortgage or as an owner of the Lessee's interest pursuant to any sale after or in lieu of foreclosure, the following provisions shall apply to the CLT Ground Lease as modifications thereof:

- A. <u>No Assignment or Transfer</u>. The making of the Specified Mortgage shall not be deemed to constitute an assignment or transfer of the Lease or Leasehold Estate so as to require the Specified Mortgagee to assume the performance of any of the Lessee's obligations under the Lease.
- B. Status of the Fee Estate. The Lessor represents and warrants that there is no existing mortgage on the fee estate, and so long as the Specified Mortgage shall remain on the Leased Premises, the Lessor and the Lessee shall not subordinate the Lease to any mortgage or lien that may hereafter be placed on the fee estate. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a state- or local-government entity ("Government Entity") may hold a prior recorded interest (represented by recorded covenants, a mortgage or deed of trust, other lien) on the fee estate if the Government Entity has agreed that in the event it (including its successors and assigns) succeeds to the interest of the Lessor under the Lease by any remedy available to the Government Entity by law or pursuant to its lien, the Government Entity shall recognize all the terms of the Lease and this Rider as though the Government Entity were acting as the Lessor. Such recognition

must include, but is not limited to, the provisions of this Rider whereby all provisions of the Lease regarding (a) occupancy of the Leased Premises as a primary residence by the Lessee, (b) limitation on assignment of, or sublease under, the Lease, (c) the price at which the Leasehold Estate may be transferred, and (d) the income of successive transferees, assignees or successors, shall, in the event of foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure of the Specified Mortgage, be of no further force or effect with respect to such Specified Mortgagee or its successive transferees, assignees or successors. Further, in such event of the Government Entity succeeding to the interests of the Lessor, the Lessee hereby agrees to recognize the Government Entity as exercising all rights and privileges of the Government Entity as lessor under the Lease and this Rider.

Such agreement by the Government Entity may be evidenced by the agreement between the Government Entity and the Lessor under which the Government Entity's prior recorded interest is derived, or by use of a recognition agreement derived from a sample the Specified Mortgagee may obtain from Fannie Mae. Irrespective of any interest by a Government Entity, the Specified Mortgage shall constitute a first leasehold lien on the Leased Premises, and shall have priority over the Lessor's reversionary interest. If the Lessor conveys title to the Leased Land while the Specified Mortgage remains on the Leased Premises, the Lease shall remain in effect with the same priority thereto.

- C. Termination, Forfeiture and Modification of Lease. There shall be no termination, forfeiture, or modification of the Lease, except as provided in this Rider, without the prior written consent of the Specified Mortgagee. The Lessor and Lessee shall amend the Lease from time to time as reasonably requested by the Specified Mortgagee, as long as the requested changes do not change the periodic fee, charge or payment due the Lessor for the rights accorded the Lessee under the Lease (the "Ground Lease Fee"), and do not materially or adversely affect the rights of Lessor or Lessee or their respective interests in the Leased Premises. An adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee may be made by the Lessor as provided in the Lease, without prior approval of the Specified Mortgagee, so long as written notice has been delivered to the Specified Mortgagee at least 60 days prior to the effective date of such adjustment with respect to adjustments other than those (i) that were scheduled at the time the Specified Mortgage was given, and (ii) reflecting routine, periodic updates to variable expenses such as property taxes and liability insurance premiums; provided, however, that the Specified Mortgagee shall have the right to arbitrate (as provided herein) any dispute as to an adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee.
- **D.** New Lease. In the event the Lessee's interest in the Lease has been terminated, forfeited, or surrendered as provided in the Lease, and the Specified Mortgage remains outstanding, a new Lease shall automatically be created between the Lessor and the Specified Mortgagee, which Lease shall be for the remainder of the term of the Lease, with the same priority thereto, and shall be subject to the same terms of the Lease as would be applicable pursuant to Section E.1. below where the Specified Mortgagee had accelerated its note, foreclosed on the Specified Mortgage, taken an assignment in lieu of foreclosure, or exercised its other remedies for default.
- E. <u>Mortgage Default or Foreclosure</u>. Subject to the following, upon the occurrence of an event of default under the Specified Mortgage (as determined by the Specified Mortgage—an "Event of Default"), and without the consent of the Lessor, the Specified Mortgagee shall be permitted to accelerate its note, foreclose on the Specified Mortgage, take an assignment in lieu of foreclosure, or exercise its other remedies for default.

Further:

1. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Specified Mortgage, the Lessee shall immediately notify the Lessor of such Event of Default and shall submit to Lessor copies of all notices the Lessee received from the Specified Mortgagee relating thereto. The Specified Mortgagee

Fannie Mae Form 2100 3/06 (rev. 12/10) and the Lessor shall endeavor to communicate and cooperate in efforts to deal with the circumstances of the Event of Default and the actions the parties may take relating thereto; provided, however, the Specified Mortgagee shall have no obligation to give formal legal notice of the Event of Default to the Lessor.

- 2. The Lessee and the Specified Mortgagee agree that the Lessor shall have the right, but not the obligation, to cure an Event of Default in the Lessee's name and on the Lessee's behalf. If such cure is not effective and continuing, nothing herein shall be construed to prevent or delay the Specified Mortgagee from its pursuit of foreclosure and any other available remedies. The Lessee shall be responsible to the Lessor for all payments made, and expenses incurred, by the Lessor in curing such default.
- 3. Should the Lessor not choose to cure an Event of Default as specified above, the Lessor shall nevertheless have the option to purchase from the Specified Mortgagee its interest in the -Leasehold Estate on the Leased Premises for the full amount owing to the Specified Mortgagee under the Specified Mortgage as of the date of closing of the purchase, upon written notice given by the Specified Mortgagee (the "Mortgagee Option Notice") not later than 60 days following acquisition of title to the Leasehold Estate by the Specified Mortgagee by foreclosure or by an assignment in lieu of foreclosure; provided, however, the Specified Mortgagee may give such written notice following the occurrence of an Event of Default under the Specified Mortgage and prior to the completion of foreclosure proceedings. If the Lessor elects to exercise such option to purchase, the Lessor shall give written notice to the Specified Mortgagee of the Lessor's intent to purchase the Leasehold Estate (the "Lessor Option Notice") within 45 days following the Specified Mortgagee's giving of the Mortgagee Option Notice; provided, however, at the option of the Lessor, in the event the Mortgagee Option Notice is given prior to the completion of foreclosure proceedings by the Specified Mortgagee, the Lessor shall, within such 45-day period, be able to give a written notice to the Specified Mortgagee that it will delay giving the Lessor Option Notice until a date that is not later than 30 days following written notice from the Specified Mortgagee of its acquisition of title to its interest in the Leasehold Estate on the Leased Premises.

The Lessor shall complete the purchase of the Specified Mortgagee's interest in the Leasehold Estate within 60 days of giving the Lessor Option Notice. If the Lessor does not complete the purchase within the allotted 60 days, the Specified Mortgagee shall be free to sell its interest to another person or entity. Further, if the Lessor does not complete the purchase within the allotted 60 days, the Lessor agrees to pay to the Specified Mortgagee its costs of holding its interest in the Leasehold Estate from the date of the Lessor Option Notice until the expiration of such 60-day period. If the Lessor does not purchase the Specified Mortgagee's interest in the Leasehold Estate as described herein, the Leasehold Estate may be transferred, mortgaged and sublet an unlimited number of times, and the Lessor shall not require a credit review or impose other qualifying criteria on any such transferee, mortgagee or sublessee.

- 4. In the event of foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure, which results in the conveyance of the Leasehold Estate on the Leased Premises from the Lessee, any adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee to reflect then current fair market rental value as provided in the Lease, shall be subject to the approval of the Specified Mortgagee. The Specified Mortgagee and the Lessor shall attempt to resolve any dispute concerning such adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee, through the normal interaction of the parties, or through formal mediation as the case may warrant. If the dispute remains unresolved, the Specified Mortgagee and the Lessor shall submit the dispute as to the fair market rental value to binding arbitration.
- 5. In the event the Specified Mortgagee acquires title to the Leasehold Estate on the Leased Premises through foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure of the Specified Mortgage, all provisions of the Lease regarding (a) occupancy of the Leased Premises as a primary residence by the Lessee, (b)

any limitation on the assignment of, or sublease under, the Lease, (c) any obligation to target certain populations in marketing the Leasehold Estate to potential transferees, (d) the price at which the Leasehold Estate on the Leased Premises may be transferred, and (e) the income of successive transferees, and their successors and assigns, shall be of no further force or effect with respect to such Specified Mortgagee or its successive transferees, assignees or successors. The foregoing sentence shall not be construed to invalidate other Lease provisions regarding permitted use of the Leased Premises. Any transfer or assignment of the Leasehold Estate encumbered by the Specified Mortgage as provided for in this paragraph shall be deemed a permitted sale, transfer or assignment of the Lease and the Leasehold Estate. Further, in such event, the Leasehold Estate may be transferred, mortgaged and sublet an unlimited number of times, and the Lessor shall not require a credit review or impose other qualifying criteria on any such transferee, mortgagee or sublessee.

- F. Lease Default. There shall be no forfeiture or termination of the Lease except for (i) the nonpayment of amounts due under the Lease, and (ii) violation of one or more provisions of the Lease addressing the following: (a) prohibition or restrictions on the sale or transfer of the Lessee's interest (however, non-sale transfers resulting from marriage, divorce, death of a spouse, or a transfer otherwise permitted by applicable federal law, may not constitute a basis for default under the Lease, though the Lessor may require such transferee to agree to assume the transferor's obligations under the Lease), and (b) requirement that the Lessee occupy the Leased Premises as primary residence. Provided, however, such forfeiture or termination shall be subject to the Specified Mortgagee's right to cure a monetary default, or otherwise foreclose or take an assignment of the Leasehold Estate in lieu of foreclosure with respect to the Lessee's monetary or non-monetary default. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall be construed to require the Specified Mortgagee to cure any non-monetary default. Further, the Specified Mortgagee shall become subrogated to any and all rights of the Lessee with respect to such curing of a default. If the Lessee's default shall be cured as provided in the Lease, and the Specified Mortgagee shall discontinue its foreclosure or assignment in lieu of foreclosure proceedings, the Lease shall continue in full force and effect as if the Lessee had not defaulted. A default by the Lessee under the Lease shall constitute a default under the Specified Mortgage.
- G. <u>Lease Default Notice</u>. Notwithstanding the notice requirements provided in the Lease, no default notice by the Lessor shall be deemed to have been given unless and until a copy thereof shall have been so given to the Specified Mortgagee.
- **H.** <u>Insurance</u>. All insurance policies covering the Improvements shall by endorsement name the Specified Mortgagee as an additional insured and loss payee, and provide the Specified Mortgagee with 30 days' cancellation notice.
- Lease is to be terminated, the insurance proceeds or condemnation award, as the case may be, shall be applied first in an amount sufficient to satisfy the Specified Mortgage. Upon the termination of the Lease as a result of a partial destruction or a condemnation of less than the entire Leased Premises, the total insurance proceeds or condemnation award, as the case may be, shall be paid to an appointed trustee, who shall first apply such insurance proceeds or condemnation award in accordance with the Specified Mortgage for restoration of the Improvements (if such trustee determines that the Improvements may reasonably be restored to a residential use consistent with the Lease), with the balance of such insurance proceeds or condemnation award to be allocated between the Lessor and Lessee as otherwise provided in the Lease. The Specified Mortgagee shall be entitled to participate in (i) the adjustment of all casualty losses and (ii) all condemnation proceedings and settlement discussions. Any insurance proceeds or condemnation award shall be applied in accordance with the Specified Mortgage. The Specified

Mortgagee shall also be entitled to participate in the adjustment of the Ground Lease Fee as a result of a partial destruction or taking.

- **J.** Force Majeure. The Lessee shall not be in default where performance is delayed or prevented by "Acts of God," war, civil commotion, strikes, labor disputes or the like.
- K. <u>Easements and Alterations</u>. Additions to and alternations in the Improvements may be made as provided in the Lease, as long as the value of the Leased Premises is not diminished. The Lessor, as owner of the fee interest in the Leased Land, shall join in all easements, permits and applications necessary for such development of the Leased Premises as is permitted under the Lease, provided that the Lessor shall have no liability or obligation under such easement, permit or application.
- L. <u>Arbitration</u>. The Specified Mortgagee shall have the right to participate in any arbitration or legal proceedings between the Lessor and the Lessee. Any arbitration proceedings shall be conducted in accordance with arbitration statutes applicable in the state where the Leased Premises are located.
- M. Merger. If the estates of the Lessor and Lessee are at any time owned by the same person, so long as the Specified Mortgagee has any interest in the security or in the Specified Mortgage, such person shall take all necessary steps to ensure that the Specified Mortgage constitutes a first lien on the combined estate.
- N. <u>Sublease</u>. There shall be no modification, cancellation, or surrender of any subleases, or prepayment of rent thereunder without the consent of the Specified Mortgagee. If the Specified Mortgagee forecloses on the Leased Premises, or takes an assignment in lieu of foreclosure, all subtenants shall attorn to such Specified Mortgagee or its assignee.
- O. <u>Estoppel Certificate</u>. The Lessor shall, from time to time, with 10 days written notice from the Specified Mortgagee, certify by written instrument, duly executed and acknowledged, to such Specified Mortgagee that the Lease has not been amended, the Lease is in full force and effect, that neither party is in default thereunder, and shall certify as to the existence of any offsets, counterclaims or defenses on the part of the Lessee.

P. <u>Conflict.</u> In the event of a conflict between the terms and provisions of this Rider and the terms and provisions of the Lease, the terms and provisions of this Rider shall control.
BY SIGNING BELOW, the Lessor and the Lessee accept and agree to the terms and conditions of this Rider.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Rider at, on the day and year first written above.
LESSOR:
By:
Title:
LESSEE:
(Add notaries)

Instructions

Community Land Trust Ground Lease Rider

The Community Land Trust (CLT) Ground Lease Rider ensures the ground lease conforms to Fannie Mae's guidelines for mortgages secured by properties held under a community land trust ground lease.

Lenders should ensure their CLT partners approve the use of the revised version of Form 2100 (3/06 rev. 12/10). Loans are not eligible for purchase if delivered with prior versions of this form.

Copies

Original.

Printing Instructions

The PDF version of the form must be printed on letter size paper, using portrait format.

Instructions

The Community Land Trust Ground Lease Rider must be executed by both the lessor and lessee and must be recorded along with the ground lease.