# HISTORIC PRESERVATION BOARD CITY OF DELRAY BEACH STAFF REPORT

**MEETING DATE:** February 6, 2019

ITEM: 231 NE 1st Avenue, Old School Square Historic District (2019-071) – Provide

a recommendation to the City Commission for a historic property Ad Valorem Tax Exemption request associated with additions and alterations to a

contributing structure.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Approve the Ad Valorem Tax Exemption

## **GENERAL DATA:**

Owner/Applicant..... Mindi Jo Schifrin

Location: East side of NE 1st Avenue

between NE 2nd Street and

NE 3rd Street.

Property Size:..... 0.17 Acres

Historic District: ...... Old School Square Historic District

Zoning: OSSHAD (Old School Square

Historic Arts District)

Adjacent Zoning:....

North: OSSHAD

East: CBD (Central Business District)

South: OSSHAD West: OSSHAD

Existing Future Land

Use Designation:..... TRN (Transitional)

Water Service: Public water service is provided

on site.

Sewer Service:..... Public sewer service is provided

on site.



#### ITEM BEFORE THE BOARD

The action requested of the Board is a recommendation to the City Commission for a historic property Ad Valorem Tax Exemption request associated with additions and alterations to a contributing structure located at **231 NE 1st Avenue**, **Old School Square Historic District**, pursuant to Land Development Regulations (LDR) Section 4.5.1(J).

## **BACKGROUND & PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

The subject property is located on the east side of NE 1st Avenue between NE 2nd Street and NE 3rd Street within Banker's Row of the Old School Square Historic District. A circa 1938, 1,503 square foot, single-family residence exists on the 0.17 acre property and is zoned OSSHAD (Old School Square Historic Arts District).

Banker's Row began from a replat of the original Block 66 as the individual lots were sold by J.C. Keen, who purchased the block from J.S. Sundy in 1924. Mr. Keen sold the lots to wealthy businessmen in Delray. The structures within the Banker's Row were built in two periods of economic growth and change, before and after the Great Depression. The block (originally established as residential) was characterized by the presence of 2-story Mediterranean Revival residences on the west side of the street and built pre-depression along with 1-story Minimal Traditional Cottages (known as the Mackle Cottages) on the east side of the block, built post-depression during World War II. The Mackle cottages are named for the Mackle Brothers who built the 11 Sears Kit homes in the late 1930's.

The row of Minimal Traditional cottages along the east side of the street significantly contrast from the Mediterranean Revival structures on the west side an excellent example of American History and Architecture in the built environment. The subject property was first owned by Harry J. Morgan, a local accountant, who purchased it in 1939.

The "Banker's Row Plan", developed in the early 1990s, accurately described these structures as relatively small, simple one-story structures, with a dominant gable and simplified façade absent of traditional detailing with an off-center front door. With the increasing dependence on the automobile, garages were either integrated into the structure or free-standing. The houses were originally very much alike, however, changes were incorporated over the years "as owners adapted their houses to new housing needs."

At its meeting of October 19, 2016, the Historic Preservation Board approved a COA (2016-202) for a 1-story addition to the rear of the historic structure to provide approximately 910 square feet of additional living space, and modifications to the existing front elevation.

At its meeting of December 7, 2016, the Historic Preservation Board approved a COA (2017-029) for construction of a flat roof between the historic structure and hip roof of the addition; a gabled roof was previously proposed and approved in this location. The proposed flat roof will be higher than the existing flat roof, but at the same height at the approved ridge line and will provide additional interior headroom in that portion of the residence. In addition, the roof height of the bay window on the front elevation is proposed to be raised to also provide additional interior head room. On March 14, 2018, COA (2018-030) was administratively approved allowing for the installation of hardie board siding on the north, east, and south elevations of the new addition while the existing structure was to retain the wood siding.

The applicant is now before the Board to request review of the Tax Exemption Application for the aforenoted site and building improvements as the project is complete.

## **AD VALOREM TAX EXEMPTION**

Pursuant to LDR Section 4.5.1(J), a tax exemption is available for improvements to qualifying contributing properties in a designated historic district or individually designated properties, as listed in Section 4.5.1(I). Qualifying properties shall be exempt from that portion of ad valorem taxation levied by the City of Delray Beach on one hundred percent (100%) of the increase in

assessed value resulting from any HPB approved renovation, restoration, rehabilitation, or other improvements of the qualifying property made on or after the effective date of the original passing of Ordinance 50-96 on November 19, 1996.

LDR Section 4.5.1(J)(1), clarifies that the exemption does not apply to the following:

- (a) Taxes levied for payment of bonds;
- (b) Taxes authorized by a vote of the electors pursuant to Section 9(b) or Section 12, Article 7 of the Florida Constitution; or
- (c) Personal property.

LDR Section 4.5.1(J)(2), explains the exemption period shall be for ten (10) years, unless a lesser term is set by the City Commission.

- (a) The term of the exemption shall be specified in the resolution approving the exemption and shall continue regardless of any changes in the authority of the City to authorize such exemption or change in ownership of the property.
- (b) To retain an exemption, the historic character of the property and the improvements which qualified the property for an exemption must be maintained in their historic state over the period for which the exemption was authorized.

LDR Section 4.5.1(J)(4) provides the parameters for qualifying properties and improvements. The subject property qualifies as it is listed on the Local Register of Historic Places. LDR Section 4.5.1(J)(5) requires that for an improvement to a historic property to qualify the property for an exemption, the improvement must:

- (a) be consistent with the United States Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation, as amended; and
- (b) be a constructed and/or installed improvement as approved by the Historic Preservation Board and as established in rules adopted by the Department of State, Division of Historical Resources, FAC 1A-38, as amended which defines real property improvements as changes in the condition of real property brought about by the expenditure of labor and money for the restoration, renovation, or rehabilitation of such property. Improvements shall include, but are not limited to: modifications, repairs, or additions to the principal contributing building and its associated accessory structures (i.e. a garage, cabana, guest cottage, storage/utility structures, swimming pools), whether existing or new. The exemption does not apply to improvements made to noncontributing principal buildings, existing non-contributing accessory structures, or undesignated structures and/or properties; and,
- (c) be consistent with Section 4.5.1(E), "Development Standards", of the City's Land Development Regulations; and
- (d) include, as part of the overall project, visible improvements to the exterior of the structure.

The project meets the above criteria (a) and (b) through previous approval by the Board of the associated improvements outlined above which constituted its compliance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation, as well as the rules of Florida Administrative Code 1A-38, promulgated by the Florida Department of State, Division of Historical Resources. The development project further meets criterion (c) per the COA approval, which applied the LDR Development Standards in the assessment of the proposal. Finally, the project meets criterion (d) as the project encompasses visible improvements to the exterior of the building and related property.

Pursuant to LDR Section 4.5.1(J)(7), any property owner, or the authorized agent of the owner, that desires an ad valorem tax exemption for the improvement of a historic property must submit a Historic Property Tax Exemption Application to the Planning and Zoning Department upon completion of the qualifying improvements.

- (a) The application shall indicate the estimated cost of the total project, the estimated cost attributed solely to the historic structure, and project completion date as determined by the Certificate of Occupancy issued by the Building Department.
- (b) The Historic Property Tax Exemption Application shall be accompanied by a copy of the most recent tax bill from the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser for the property; a new property survey illustrating the improvements; a copy of the building permit application indicating estimated project cost; a copy of the Certificate of Occupancy/Final Inspection; and photographs illustrating the before and after of each improvement, including both the interior, exterior, and all new construction. The photographs shall be identified with a date and description indicating the impact of the improvement.
- (c) The application must be submitted within three (3) months from the date of issuance of a Certificate of Occupancy.
- (d) The Historic Preservation Planner will inspect the completed work to verify such compliance prior to Historic Preservation Board review.
  - a. If the Historic Preservation Board determines that the work is a qualifying improvement and is in compliance with the approved plans and the review standards contained in Section 4.5.1(E), the Board shall recommend that the City Commission grant the Historic Property Tax Exemption Application.
  - b. Upon a recommendation of approval of a Historic Property Tax Exemption Application by the Historic Preservation Board, the application shall be placed by resolution on the agenda of the City Commission for approval. The resolution of the City Commission approving the application shall provide the name of the owner of the property, the property address and legal description, a recorded restrictive covenant in the official records of Palm Beach County as a condition of receiving the exemption, and the effective dates of the exemption, including the expiration date.
  - c. If the Historic Preservation Board determines that the work as completed is either not consistent with the approved plans or is not in compliance with the review standards contained in Section 4.5.1(E), the applicant shall be advised that the request has been denied

The qualifying improvements were completed and the historic property Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Application was submitted on December 5, 2018, within three months of the Certificate of Occupancy, which was issued on September 11, 2018. The tax exemption will be limited to the increase in assessed value (as determined by the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser) resulting from the subject improvements and provide an abatement of taxes on the City and County portions for a period of ten years from the date of approval.

Pursuant to LDR Section 4.5.1(J)(8), Historic Preservation Exemption Covenant, the covenant required in order to qualify for the exemption:

- (a) To qualify for an exemption, the applicant must sign and return the Historic Preservation Exemption Covenant with the Final Application/Request for Review of Completed Work. The covenant as established by the Department of State, Division of Historical Resources, shall be in a form approved by the City of Delray Beach City Attorney's Office and applicable for the term for which the exemption is granted and shall require the character of the property and qualifying improvements to be maintained during the period that the exemption is granted.
- (b) On or before the effective date of the exemption, the owner of the property shall have the covenant recorded in the official records of Palm Beach County, Florida, and shall cause a certified copy of the recorded covenant to be delivered to the City's Historic Preservation Planner. Such covenant shall be binding on the current property owner, transferees, and their heirs, assigns and successors. A violation of the covenant shall result in the property owner being subject to the payment of the differences between the total amount of the taxes which would have been due in March of each of the previous years in which the covenant or agreement was in effect had the property not received

the exemption and the total amount of taxes actually paid in those years, plus interest on the difference calculated as provided in Sec. 212.12(3), Florida Statutes.

LDR Section 4.5.1(J)(10), Revocation Proceedings, provides guidelines to revocation of the tax exemption upon violation of the recorded covenant.

- (a) The Historic Preservation Board may initiate proceedings to revoke the ad valorem tax exemption provided herein, in the event the applicant, or subsequent owner or successors in interest to the property, fails to maintain the property according to the terms, conditions and standards of the Historic Preservation Exemption Covenant.
- (b) The Historic Preservation Planner shall provide notice to the current owner of record of the property and the Historic Preservation Board shall hold a revocation hearing in the same manner as in Section 4.5.1(M)(10), and make a recommendation to the City Commission.
- (c) The City Commission shall review the recommendation of the Historic Preservation Board and make a determination as to whether the tax exemption shall be revoked. Should the City Commission determine that the tax exemption shall be revoked, a written resolution revoking the exemption and notice of penalties as provided in Paragraph 8 of the covenant shall be provided to the owner, the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser, and filed in the official records of Palm Beach County.
- (d) Upon receipt of the resolution revoking the tax exemption, the Palm Beach County Property Appraiser shall discontinue the tax exemption on the property as of January 1st of the year following receipt of the notice of revocation.

The Sections noted above regarding the "Restrictive Covenant" and "Revocation Proceedings" are provided to demonstrate that the tax exemption is binding, and if violated, the property owner would have to comply with the consequences.

The tax exemption request complies with the criteria contained in LDR Section 4.5.1(J) as the Historic Preservation Board approved the associated improvements by making positive findings with respect to the applicable LDR Sections, Delray Beach Historic Preservation Design Guidelines, and Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation; therefore, positive findings can be made with respect to LDR Section 4.5.1(J).p

#### **ALTERNATIVE ACTIONS**

- A. Continue with direction.
- B. Recommend approval to the City Commission of the historic property Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Application for improvements to the property at **231 NE 1st Avenue**, **Old School Square Historic District**, based upon positive findings with respect to Land Development Regulation Section 4.5.1(J).
- C. Recommend denial to the City Commission of the historic property Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Application for improvements to the property at 231 NE 1st Avenue, Old School Square Historic District, based upon a failure to make positive findings with respect to Land Development Regulation Section 4.5.1(J).

#### RECOMMENDATION

Recommend approval to the City Commission of the historic property Ad Valorem Tax Exemption Application (2019-071) for improvements to the property at **231 NE 1st Avenue**, **Old School Square Historic District**, based upon positive findings with respect to Land Development Regulation Section 4.5.1(J).

Attachments: Tax Exemption Application and Supporting Documents

Report Prepared by: Michelle Hoyland, Principal Planner